GOES-R Getting ready for the next generation earth observing system

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### Outline

- AER in research and applications
- AER on GOES-R
- GOES-R: the next generation
- Getting ready for launch and supports
  - Products in GOES-R
  - GOES-R for oceanography

### AER in Research and Applications

- AER = Atmospheric and Environmental Research, founded in 1977
- Offices:
  - Lexington, MA
  - Albuquerque, NM
  - Omaha, NE
  - College Park, MD
  - Greenbelt, MD
  - Hampton, VA



### AER in Research and Applications (cont'd)

#### Research

- Atmosphere (Air quality, clouds, data assimilation and modeling, radiative transfer, remote sensing, etc)
- Climate (seasonal, severe weather)
- Earth (mass and rotation, land surface emissivity)
- Ocean (physical oceanography)
- Space (planetary, space weather)

### AER in Research and Applications (cont'd)

- Applications
  - Insurance
  - Investment
  - Energy
  - Weather risk management
  - Satellites

# AER in Research and Applications (real-time flood monitoring)



 AER scientists have developed an innovative mapping method that leverages lower-resolution microwave data that can "see through clouds" to provide high-resolution inundation maps in real time as flood waters expand. This example shows flood extent mapped daily at the Mississippi-Missouri confluence during the 1993 Midwest Flood. Gauge height data (right) is used to validate the flood map (left) projected daily from low-resolution microwave data.

# AER in Research and Applications (near-real-time Tornado Path Analysis)

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Damage path close-up east and west of Route 35 in Moore, OK

The AER Respond™ for tornado near real-time analysis of location and probability shows the early estimate of the damage para affecting Newcastle and Moore, Okla.

Early estimate of locations and paths in Newcastle and Moore, OK

The AER Respond<sup>™</sup> service uses satellite change detection to determine the damage path as shown in the detailed path close-up east and west of Route 35 in Moore OK.

Atmospheric and

### Career Highlights at AER

- Joined AER, 1997
  - NPOESS
- JCOOT
- CRTM
- EUMETSAT
- GOES-R
- Weather derivatives for NYSE, CME

### AER on GOES-R

- Since 2009, AER has been under the contract for implementing L1 to L2+ algorithms and supporting software for the GOES-R ground system
- System Engineers (SE) and Software Engineers (SWE) working together as a team, combining the latest earth and space science research and the cutting edge technology
- The GS software is complete and now undergoing final stages of integration testing to support the launch in March 2016
- AER will provide continuing support to the GOES-R program during post-launch activities.

### **GOES-R**

The next generation earth observing system

- Started in 1970s, a new generation of GOES about every decade
- GOES-R technology improvements
  - More spectral bands (e.g., 16 vs. 5)
  - Higher spatial resolution (e.g., 2 times)
  - Faster full disk coverage (e.g., 3 times)
  - State of Art Science
    - Example, Hybrid regression algorithm for SST

#### GOES-R (coverage) The next generation earth observing system



### **GOES-R System Architecture**



## GOES-R (Instruments)

The next generation earth observing system

- SUVI (Solar Ultraviolet Imager)
- EXIS (Extreme Ultraviolet (EUVS) and X-ray Irradiance Sensor (XRS)
- SEISS (Space Environment In-Situ Suite)
- MAG (Magnetometer)
- GLM (Lighting)
  - ABI (Advanced Baseline Imager)





### **ABI L2 Products**

- Imagery (cloud and moisture)
- Radiation (shortwave at TOA and surface)
- Air Quality (aerosol detection and optical depth)
- Aviation (volcanic ash)
- Cloud (mask, height, phase, and optical properties)
- Hydrology (rain rate)
- Land (LST, snow, and fire)
- Soundings (temperature, moisture, TPW, stability indices)
- Winds (derived motion winds, hurricanes)
- Ocean (SST)

- Product fields: SST, DQF, metadata
- Measurement range: 271K 313K
- Product precision: 1K
- Product Accuracy: 2.1K
- Coverage: FD, CONUS, MESO
- Coverage time: 60 min, day+night
- Resolution: 2km
- Methodology
  - Hybrid regression algorithm
  - Multi-spectral: 3.9, 11.2, 12.3 μm



(Filtered by fillValue only)

Testing based on a combination of real observations (from SEVIRI) and CRTM simulated observations based on WRF atmospheric model with Reynolds surface SST. Future pre-launch testing could be based on Himawari data.



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Pseudo-MESO: The Gulf Region

Overshadowed by clouds



(Filtered by DQF=0 only)

### **Thank You!**

## **Congratulations, Randy!**